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Automated Certificate Management Environment (ACME) IP Identifier Validation Extension

Abstract

This document specifies identifiers and challenges required to enable the Automated Certificate Management Environment (ACME) to issue certificates for IP addresses.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of RFC 7841.

Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at <https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8738>.

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1. Introduction

The Automatic Certificate Management Environment (ACME) [RFC8555] only defines challenges for validating control of DNS host name identifiers, which limits its use to being used for issuing certificates for DNS identifiers. In order to allow validation of IPv4 and IPv6 identifiers for inclusion in X.509 certificates, this document specifies how challenges defined in the original ACME specification and the TLS-ALPN extension specification [RFC8737] can be used to validate IP identifiers.

2. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

8. IANA Considerations

8.1. Identifier Types

Per this document, a new type has been added to the "ACME Identifier Types" registry defined in [Section 9.7.7](#) of [RFC8555] with Label "ip" and Reference "RFC 8738".

8.2. Challenge Types

Per this document, two new entries have been added to the "ACME Validation Methods" registry defined in [Section 9.7.8](#) of [RFC8555]. These entries are defined below:

Label	Identifier Type	ACME	Reference
http-01	ip	Y	RFC 8738
tls-alpn-01	ip	Y	RFC 8738

Table 1

9. Security Considerations

The extensions to ACME described in this document do not deviate from the broader threat model described in [Section 10.1](#) of [RFC8555].

9.1. Certification Authority (CA) Policy Considerations

This document only specifies how an ACME server may validate that a certificate applicant controls an IP identifier at the time of validation. The CA may wish to perform additional checks not specified in this document. For example, if the CA believes an IP identifier belongs to an ISP or cloud service provider with short delegation periods, they may wish to impose additional restrictions on certificates requested for that identifier.

10. Normative References

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